

PETERS AND RUSSELL, INC. SPRINGFILL, UNIO

WATER PRESSURE SYSTEMS

PUMP SPECIFICATIONS

INSTRUC- TIONS	MODEL	NUMBER SU	SUCTION	DISCH'GE HEAD	MAX. OPERATING AMPS. INTERMITTENT		FUSE SIZE SLOW BLOWING		SIZE OF UNIT	
FOR		OUTLETS	FT., MAX.	FT., MAX.	12 V	32 V	12 V	32 V		
	6969-J	1	5	6	5.2	2.2	4	2	411/6 w. x 75/6 lg. x 71/4 hi.	
	6970-J	2	5	6	6,2	2.6	61/4	3	6% w. x 71% lg. x 71/4 hi.	
	6950-J 6955-J	4	5	7	9.9	3.8	61/4	3	6% w. x 5% lg. x 8% hi.	
	6800-J 6850-J	5	5	12	9.9	3.8	61/4	3	8% w. x 5% lg. x 8% hi.	
	6900-J	6	5	10	9.9	3.8	10	5	8% w. x 5% lg. x 8% hi.	

*If installed pump draws in excess of these ratings, motor burn-out will result.

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS PLEASE LEAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE OWNER

READ CAREFULLY

IMPORTANT: To insure your warranty and receive automatic trouble-free water with a minimum amount of maintenance, these instructions must be followed carefully.

1. MOUNTING:

- 1.1 Unit is self-priming, securely mount in a dry ventilated location in an upright position above or below (above preferred) the fresh water tank in accordance with specification chart on page 1.
- 1.2 IMPORTANT Keep outlets of Model 6969-J at least 6" above fresh water tank to avoid siphoning action.

2. WIRING

2.1 Wire in independent circuit in accordance with NFPA Standard No. 302, table 6, or select size from the following charts which give AWG wire size determined by load and total length of wire.

USE 5 amp chart for all 32-volt models.
USE 10 amp chart for all 12-volt models.

LENGTH OF CONDUCTOR IN FEET FROM SOURCE OF CURRENT AND RETURN

AWG WIRE SIZE - COPPER

Total Current	- feet -					
in Amps	10	20	30	40	50	60
12 volts @ 10 amp	12	12	10	8	8	6
32 volts @ 5 amp	16	16	16	16	14	14

AWG WIRE SIZE - ALUMINUM

I	Total Current	THE		THE			
	in Amps	10	20	30	40	50	60
	12 volts @ 10 amp	10	10	8	6	6	6
	32 volts @ 5 amp	14	14	14	14	12	12

2.2 FUSING:

- a. Protect by a separate overcurrent fuse located in live lead from power source.
- Rate fuse as per specification chart or not over 115% of full motor load.
- 2.3 Use 10 amp manual switch in circuit to turn off unattended pump.
- 2.4 a. Connect power leads as shown in fig. 1 and fig. 2. Connections must be electrically, mechanically and

galvanically sound to withstand normal service.

b. Alternate remote method of wiring dry tank switch. Dry tank switch may be wired in with a good quality 10 amp. push button, momentary type switch in addition to starting button at pump. Locate at most convenient outlet. This allows the unit to be started from either position. Use 14 ga. wire and make connections as shown in Fig. 2.

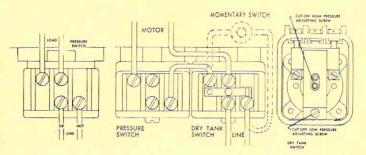


Fig. 1

Fig. 2

Fig. 3

- c. When aluminum wire is used, make connection to switch by using 3 to 4 inch pigtails of 12 ga. copper wire attached to the solid aluminum wire with 3M Scotch Grab R10-16 twist type connections or equivalent. CAUTION: Use a Burndy or equivalent connector paste to avoid galvanic action between dissimilar metals.
- 2.5 D.C.V. converter charger pack must be wired so pump is operating directly from battery at all times.

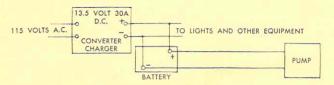
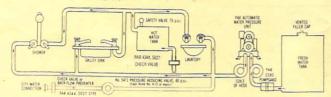


Fig. 4

2.6 It is recommended after installation, voltage be checked at the motor under full load with all other appliances used in the circuit operating. Be sure it is not less than 11 volts on a 12 volt system or 30 volts on a 32 volt system with a fully charged battery.

- 2.7 Check amperage draw of the installed pump. This reading should be taken at the motor with the pump operating under its worst working condition. Amperage must not be in excess of limits stated on specification chart, "Maximum operating amps intermittent," page 1.
- WARNING: Our warranty does not cover motor and/or pressure switch burnout caused by low voltage or error in installation. It is very important that wiring and plumbing be as per instructions and enough current is received at the pump for proper operation.



TYPICAL PAR WATER PRESSURE SYSTEM INSTALLATION

3. PLUMBING:

Pump is designed to deliver trouble-free water with a minimum amount of maintenance if installed properly. Follow plumbing instructions carefully.

3.1 To keep pressure drop to a minimum, calculate pipe and tubing sizes in accordance with the number of outlets as per the following chart.

	Tub	Pipe		
	Inner	Outer	Size (Inches)	
Number of Fixtures	Diameter (Inches)	Diameter (Inches)		
1	1/4*	3/8*	1/2	
2	3/8	1/2	1/2	
3	1/2	5/8	1/2	
4	1/2	5/8	1/2	
5 or more	3/4	7/8	3/4	

- *6-feet maximum length.
- 3.2 Valves, tees, elbows, etc. used must be same size as pipe or tubing. Use gate valves only.
- 3.3 Water purifiers must be installed in separate outlet for drinking water only due to the high restriction.
- 3.4 Use household type faucets. Remove aerator screens. Remove sealing washer from faucets when used with Model 6969-J. Do not use quick closing faucets.
- 3.5 Fresh water tank must be vented. Locate or baffle to prevent water from getting away from outlet causing airlock in pump.
- 3.6 a. RELIEF VALVE Systems equipped with a storage water heater or closed hot water tank must incorporate a pressure relief valve and Energy Cutoff equipment or a Pressure Temperature type relief valve.

Relief Valves must be sized to a BTUH rating equal to or above that of the water heater and be equipped with a full size drain.

Temperature relief valves or combination temperature pressure relief valves shall be located within three inches of the hottest part of the tank or water heater. Valves should be adjusted to relieve at a maximum pressure of 75 PSI and a maximum temperature of 210°F.

- b. Systems using engine heat exchanger must be equipped with a 75 PSI maximum relief valve located at the cold inlet of exchanger.
- 3.6 PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE Systems having a connection for an outside source of water must be equipped with a pressure reducing valve, regulated at approximately 40 PSI to avoid damage to pump and plumbing from excessive city pressure.

CAUTION: PUMP MAX. WORKING PRESSURE 125 PSI.

3.7 CHECK VALVE — To prevent the backflow of pressure and/or hot water into cold water lines, a reliable check valve must be installed at the cold water inlet to the hot water heater. This valve should be located far enough from the heater to prevent damage to the check valve seat from excessive heat.

- 3.8 Pump must be connected to plumbing using both lengths of hose supplied. Use a minimum of 8' of metal pipe or tubing between discharge hose and water heater or check valve to avoid getting heat into hose which is intended for cold water use only.
- 3.9 STRAINER: Use a PAR *5280 Pumpgard in inlet line to pump to avoid tank accumulation from entering pump and system.

4. OPERATION:

- 4.1 To start pumps equipped with pressure switch only:
 - a. Check level of fresh water tank.
 - b. Be sure all valves and strainers are open.
 - c. Open all outlets and turn on power to pump.
 - d. Keep outlets open until all air is cleared from lines, close outlets, pump is ready for operation.
- 4.2 To start pumps equipped with dry tank switch follow the above procedure and depress and hold red starting button or momentary switch for approximately one minute. If switch does not hold in, refer to adjustment instructions for dry tank switch.

NOTICE: It is necessary to restart pumps equipped with dry tank switches if pressure drops below 2 PSI.

CAUTION: DO NOT ADJUST PRESSURE SWITCH FOR HIGHER PRESSURE.

5. DRY TANK SWITCH:

The dry tank switch on #6850-J and 6955-J pumps only has been regulated at the factory to hold in at 5 PSI and turn unit off at 2 PSI. Due to differences in installation the settings may require changing if the following symptom occurs.

SYMPTOM: SWITCH OPENS, STOPPING PUMP WHEN FAUCET IS OPEN OR WHEN PUMP HAS BEEN MANUALLY TURNED OFF FOR SOME TIME.

CURE:

- a. Check system for leaks which will allow a drop in pressure.
- b. Check pump valves for foreign material which would hold them open and not allow enough pressure to develop to hold the switch in.
- c. Check voltage. Low voltage will not allow the unit to develop enough pressure to hold switch in.
- d. If it is found that the trouble is other than the above then the low water cut-off switch only must be adjusted as follows: Remove cover and adjust small allen-head cut-on screw counterclockwise until pump will run with all faucets open. If after making this adjustment pump does not turn off when water supply is depleted, turn large slotted head cut-off clockwise until pump turns off. See Fig. 3.

SYMPTOM: SWITCH WILL NOT TURN PUMP OFF WHEN WATER SUPPLY IS DEPLETED.

CURE:

This adjustment may require two separate settings:

- 1. Turn large slotted screw clockwise approx. 1 turn.
- If pump still does not turn off adjust allen-head screw slowly clockwise. See Fig. 3.

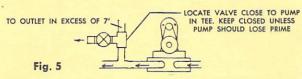
6. MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLE-SHOOTING:

6.1 SYMPTOM: PUMP DOES NOT PRIME OR BUILD UP PRESSURE.

CURE:

- a. Check level of fresh water tank.
- b. Check pump and system for leaks.
- c. Be sure all valves and strainers are open.
- d. Check power supply to see that voltage is up.
- e. Under certain conditions on systems having outlets in excess of 7', it is necessary after refilling fresh water tank to bleed all air from system by opening both highest and lowest outlets with pump running. This

may also be accomplished by the addition of a drain valve located as per fig. 5 to bleed off excessive head.



- f. Dismantle unit and check valve assemblies for foreign material between the valve and valve seat causing loss of suction. This is done without disturbing plumbing or wiring as follows:
 - 1. Close line between fresh water tank and pump.
 - 2. Turn pump off and bleed pressure through faucet.
 - 3. Remove tie-down screws.
 - 4. Lift motor, drive and diaphragm assembly off base.
 - Lift valve assemblies from pockets and clean all foreign material from valve and valve seat.
 - 6. Replace valve assemblies back in same pockets, being sure rubber valve with small hole is UP on intake and rubber valve without small hole is DOWN on discharge. CAUTION: Do not use valve with small hole in rubber on discharge side of pump. Diameter of hole must not be increased.
- 6.2 SYMPTOM: PRESSURE DROPS AND PUMP COMES ON PERIODICALLY WHEN WATER IS NOT BEING DRAWN.

CURE:

- a. Check pump, pressure reliefs, all connections and faucets for leaks.
- b. Remove four tie-down screws and check valves for foreign material as per paragraph 6.1 f.
- 6.3 SYMPTOM: PUMP IS ROUGH AND HAS EXCESSIVE NOISE.

CURE:

- a. Check to see that plumbing (especially inlet) is not restricted.
- Be sure both pieces of hose supplied have been used as per plumbing instructions.
- c. Remove aerator from faucet, these cause restriction (especially when blocked by dirt).
- d. Check balance of plumbing to see that it is not hitting anywhere and amplifying what may be normal pump vibration.
- e. Do not use hard seat check valves.
- f. Check pulsation dampeners for ruptures or loss of air. Dampeners may be replaced as follows, Models 6969-J and 6970-J.
 - Remove #5686 plate and remove dampener. Place new dampener in place and refasten plate making sure flange of dampener is correctly seated to effect a proper water and air seal.
- g. Models 6950-J and 6955-J:
 - Pulsation dampeners are replaced in same manner as above by removing #5686 bottom.
- h. Models 6800-J, 6850-J and 6900-J have two independent dampeners, one inlet and one discharge. Discharge dampener may be replaced by removing #5623 bottom. It is also advisable at this time to replace the inlet dampeners by removing three additional screws and #5628 plate.

IMPORTANT: All dampener flanges must be properly seated to effect a good water and air seal.

CAUTION: To avoid casting damage and obtain proper compression on dampener flange, tighten screws evenly until flange edge of #5686 steel plate is flush with bottom of base casting.

On pumps using #5623 bottom cap: Compression is correct when flange of #5623 cap is against bottom of base. Tightening of screws beyond this point may result in casting damage.

6.4 SYMPTOM: BROKEN CASTING.

CURE:

- a. Always drain pump and system to prevent breakage from freezing.
- b. Install pressure relief valves and regulators as instructed. Pump castings can be broken from either thermal expansion of heated water or if unit is attached to city water in areas having high pressure. This condition is also true for the balance of the plumbing and fixtures used in the system.
- 6.5 SYMPTOM: MOTOR AND/OR PRESSURE SWITCH BURN-OUT.

CURE:

The normal cause of motor and switch burnout is either low voltage, overpressure or a combination of both. Use proper wiring and plumbing as shown in the previous instructions and keep battery charged. The pump, like any other piece of machinery cannot operate properly unless it receives enough power and is installed correctly.

6.6 SYMPTOM: DECREASE IN BELT LIFE.

CURE:

Belt has proper tension if it can be moved in and out on one side a total of $\frac{1}{2}$ " at a point halfway between pulleys.

ADJUST BELT AS FOLLOWS: Loosen #4681 nuts on end of motor and slide motor up or down until desired tension is gained and retighten nuts.

6.7 SYMPTOM: CONNECTING ROD NEEDS RE-OILING (Models 6969-J and 6970-J)

CURE:

The connecting rod bearing is made of grease-impregnated iron and cover is packed with enough lubricant to last approximately 500 hours. Relubricate by removing cover and packing built-in reservoir with black chassis lube which may be obtained at most automotive service stations.

6.8 PRESSURE SWITCH AND/OR DRY TANK SWITCH RE-PLACEMENT:

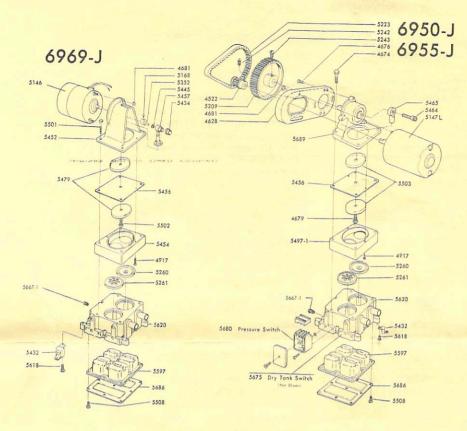
To remove either or both switches, relieve pressure from pump and disconnect motor wires and power leads.

Remove front cover and two screws located at bottom corners inside switch case.

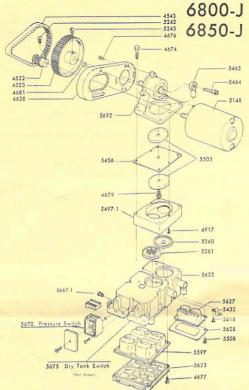
Replace new switch being sure "O" Ring is seated properly around bottom stub on back of switch case. Care must be taken to avoid thread damage when reinstalling switch. Rewire per Fig. 1 and 2.

7. FALL LAY-UP:

- 7.1 Whenever possible, it is preferable to store PAR Water Systems in a warm, dry place free from freezing and condensation. The complete unit need not be removed, only the motor, diaphragm, and valve assemblies. This is done as follows:
 - a. Pump system dry as possible through faucets, open drains, including ones in rear of pump.
 - Remove (4) tie-down screws, and leads to pressure switch.
 - c. Lift motor and diaphragm assembly from pump.
 - d. Remove valves from pockets and clean.
 - e. Store in warm, dry place.
- 7.2 When removal for winter storage is not possible, the unit should at least be drained as follows to prevent freezing.
 - a. Pump tank and plumbing dry through faucets, open drains, including ones in rear of pump.
 - b. Leave faucets open and turn pump off.
 - c. Disconnect outlet connection.
 - d. Start pump and allow to run until all water is expelled from unit. (Running dry will not harm the pump.)
 - Do not reconnect unit until warm weather unless plumbing is completely void of water.



Part No.



PUMP PARTS LIST

Price

.15

.15

.50

.10

.10

2.50

10.50

Description

	4522	Small Pulley	\$ 2.50
	4523	Large Pulley	3.25
	4543	Belt	4.00
	4628	Motor Mount D.C	1.95
	4674	Tie-Down Screw	.15
	4676	Motor Bracket Screw	.10
	4677	Screw	.10
11	4679	Diaphragm Screw	.50
18	4681	Motor Nut	.10
15	4684	Screw	.10
57	4741	Motor (115 Volt A.C D.C.)	55.00
-	4741-1	Brushes for 115 Volt Motor	5.00
	4809	A.C. Motor Mount	1.95
	4917	Screw	.10
	5146	Motor (Kit #202) 12-volt	14.50
	3140	32-volt	19.00
	5147-L	Motor (Kit #208) 12-volt	17.00
		32-volt	19.00
	5147-S	Motor (Kit #201) 12-volt	17.00
		32-volt	19.00
	5148	Motor (Kit #200) 12-volt	17.00
		32-volt	19.00
*	5168	Eccentric Screw	.10
	5196	Diaphragm (Kit #16)	3.50
	5209	Pulley	3.50
	5212	Diaphragm Plate	.60
	5223	Belt	3.25
	5242	Screw	.10
	5243	Screw	.10
	5260	Intake Valve Assy. /	
	5261	Intake Valve Assy. (Kit #4)pr.	2.25
	5352	Eccentric	1.50
	5432	Vibration Pad	.35
	5434	Connecting Rod Cover	.25
	5445	Thrust Washer	.10
	5452	Motor Mount	2.75
	5454	Diaphragm Ring	4.50
	5456	Diaphragm (Kit #15)	1.75
	5457	Connecting Rod	1.90
	5464	Connecting Rod Screw	.30
	5465	Connecting Rod Assembly	6.00
	5479	Diaphragm Plate	.50
	5173-1	Diaphragm Ring	3.00
	5497-1	Diaphragm Ring	3.00

Tie-Down Screw

Diaphragm Screw

Diaphragm Plate

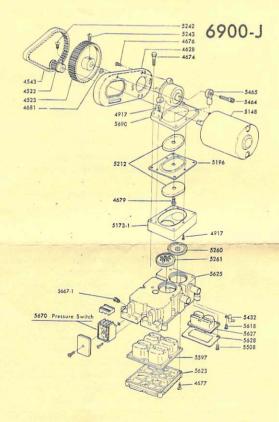
Screw

Screw

Pulsation Dampener

Base Assembly

Bottom Cap



		47 45
5625	Base Assembly	11.50
5627	Pulsation Dampener	1.75
5628	Bottom Plate	1.00
5660	Pressure Switch	10.95
5667-1	Drain Plug	.30
5670	Pressure Switch	10.95
5675	Dry Tank Switch	10.95
5680	Pressure Switch	10.95
5686	Bottom Plate	1.00
5689	Jack Shaft Assy	12.75
5690 .	Jack Shaft Assy	12.75
5692	Jack Shaft Assy	12.75

IMPORTANT! WHEN ORDERING REPAIR PARTS, ALWAYS GIVE THE FOLLOWING: 1. PUMP No. 3. PART No. 2. SERIAL No. 4. PART NAME

ON EACH ELECTRIC PUMP

4917

5501

5502

5503

5508

5597

5618

5620

5623

6970-J

51475

5452

5432 — 5618 —